# NAVIGATING THE SHIFT OF THE HEALTH CARE TECTONIC PLATES

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#### **About Navigation**

- 1. The process of monitoring and controlling the movement from one place to another
- Requires knowing where you wish to go i.e., your destination
- Involves a combination of techniques and methods
- 4. All techniques require locating the navigator's position compared to known locations
- Information from the different methods must be integrated

#### **Health Care's Destination**

#### Higher value

### Value = Quality/Cost

#### $Q \sum TQ + SS + A + FS + CB$

Q = Quality
TQ = Technical Quality
SS = Service Satisfaction
A = Access
FS = Functional Status
CB = Community Benefit

#### What is the Challenge?

- Harmonizing different perspectives about what is value
- Understanding how best to drive value in health care, which operates as a complex adaptive system

#### Complex Adaptive Systems

- Component parts are nonlinear and dynamic; they do not inherently reach fixed equilibrium points
- Composed of independent agents
  - whose needs and desires are heterogeneous, so their goals and behaviors often conflict
  - are intelligent and learn, so that system behavior adapts and changes over time and leads to selforganization
- There is no single point of control; no one is truly "in charge"

#### What is the Challenge?

- Changing complex adaptive systems requires a different approach than in more linear or other traditional systems
- Change cannot be specified and managed in fine detail
- Finding the critical "change levers" i.e., the things for which small changes produce large effects
- Effective strategies for changing linear systems may be counter-productive in a complex adaptive system

## What Change Levers Are Most Likely to be Used

- 1. Increasing accountability
- 2. Alignment of payment with performance
- 3. Regulation and enforcement

## HEALTH IS ABOUT MUCH MORE THAN HEALTH CARE